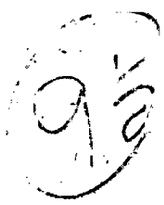
1880
(L.R.)

File No. 15 of 1880.
Serial No. 1-13.

Sub: Correspondence regarding the practice of merging the irrigation cess in the ordinary assessments



G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

1880
~~191~~.

(L.R)

File No. 15 of 1880

Serial Nos. 1-13

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 to 13

Part B for

SUBJECT.

Correspondence regarding the Practice of merging the Irrigation Cess in the Ordinary Assessment.

Endorsed
GR

W D 88—GPB—60,000—24-7-16

ection. 62

le No. 15-80

rial 1

1880.

From The Supt Mysore Rel Survey

To

The Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
Rev. ~~General~~ Department.

Dated } Bangalore
Despatched } 18th December 1880

Received 20.12.

ENCLOSURES NO. 6

General No. 974 } 1880—V
No.

Submits for orders correspondence on the subject of fixing in accordance with Section XV of the Revised Survey Guarantee, a certain sum in the Sira, Pavagada and Chik-Nayakanhalli Hoblis of the Madras Salem, to form a contribution to the Irrigation Fund.

20.12.80

Answered.

No 1111 of 1880 2

From,

The Superintendent Revenue
Survey and Settlement Mysore

To,

The Revenue Secretary
to the Chief Commissioner
of Mysore.

Survey Superintendent's Office
Bangalore 8th December 80

Sir,

I have the honor to forward correspondence as per margin

1 — Survey Supdt's letter No 1107 of the 2nd Dec 80 to Commr Bastar &c. of this date
2 — Extract No 1108 from Commr Bastar's letter No 1109 of the 3rd Dec 80 and enclosures.
3 — Survey Supdt's letter No 1110 of this date idem.
4 — Extract No 1111 from Commr Bastar's letter No 1112 of the 4th idem and enclosures.
5 — Survey Supdt's letter No 1113 of the 2nd Dec 80.
6 — Extract No 1114 from Commr Bastar's letter No 1115 of the 4th Dec 80.

on the subject fixing a rate of Assessment with Sect II of the Revised Survey Operations, a certain

sum

sum, in the return, Indigo, and South
Kanagal villages of the
Hyderabad District, to be settled
this year, to form a contribution
to the Irrigation Fund.

3 This correspondence has been
going on since the 24th of July last
and it is only upon finding that
the Deputy Commissioner and
myself are unable to come to
any agreement on the subject
that I am forced to submit
the question to Government
so to have a decision arrived
in time to admit of our
paying the full equivalent
whatever function of the
equivalent of the Irrigation

case it may be decided to take
in the ordinary assessment
before working out the rates
3 Colonel Hill, it will be
observed, objects entirely to any
contribution to the Irrigation
Fund, on the part of the tract
under report, unless indeed
such contribution be spent
upon the maintainance of an
efficient village Police. The
Deputy Commissioner has, it
appears to me, in making
such a suggestion, travelled
quite away from the question
which he and myself had
to decide under Section XV
of the Survey Guarantee

and

and I will not follow him in his remarks in his letter of the 9th. Instant with which the correspondence closes, beyond observing that he misquotes the opinion of the Officer in charge of Colonising operations which was to the effect that the full equivalent of the Irrigation Cess could not be advantageously spent, not that the cess could not be spent at all as stated by Colonel Hill in Para 2. Moreover in Para 5 it would appear as if I advocated the contribution to the Irrigation Fund for the mere sake of uniformity which is not the

case as the correspondence fully shows.

4 The question to be decided is whether any contribution to the Irrigation Fund on the part of the tenant in question is needed. I think that in taking half an acre as the equivalent of the Irrigation cess and merging it in the ordinary assessment we shall provide a sum for which fitting objects of expenditure will be found readily enough. That in the Nagar Division the Irrigation Fund was not spent is not convincing proof that it could not have been advantageously spent.

spent. Colonel Hill in the 3
states" Many of the Tanks
"admit of improvement; but
"I gather from the accounts
"that no expenditure has been
"incurred on any of them during
"the last 5 years, and none
"is likely to be incurred
"under the new arrangement"
Here we have legitimate
objects for the expenditure
of the Irrigation Fund but
the manner in which it is
to be spent can be discussed
hereafter, all that has
now to be decided being
whether any contribution
is to be taken in the
villages

villages concerned to form
an Irrigation Fund and if so
what fraction of the equi-
-valent of the original extra
cess. My own opinion is
that half an anna in the
Rupee will provide a sum
which is fairly needed
in the villages under report
for the legitimate purposes
of the Irrigation Fund. This
sum, roughly, will be about
1,000 Rupees.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obd.t Serv.t

J. P. Hunt

Superintendent Ryot-
Revenue Survey

To, 1st Oct of 1880

9

The Deputy Commissioner

Hazara District

Canal Superintendent's Office

Rangaira 20th July 1880

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that I shall shortly have to submit to Government proposals for the revision of the assessment of the three margin-ally noted Mugrid of the Hazara Distt. But before doing so it devolves upon you and myself conjointly to fix such amount, to be merged in the assessment and annually credited to the District Irri-gation Fund (vide Chief Com-missioner's Order No 5481-34T of the 29th October 1874), as shall be adequate to meet all probable charges

Also
Tabular
Statement

charges connected with Irrigation works and no more as laid down in Rule XV of the revised Survey Guarantee.

2. I beg therefore that you will inform me whether you consider the full rate of one anna in the rupee is necessary to form an Irrigation Fund such as that contemplated in the Order above quoted, or whether you think a lower rate will be sufficient for the purpose for which it is required considering the Mixed character of the three Magnis in question. I myself am inclined to think a rate of 6 pies will be appropriate.

I have &c

Sd/ C. P. Lyon

Supt Mysore Rs

Copy

Pleasant

Supt Mysore Residency

609
16-8-80

(General, Serial No. 28.)

1880

From Field Commissioner Hassan district.

To The Superintendent Angami Naga Hills.

Dated 12th August

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. one

General No. } 1880-87.
Local No. 541

His letter No. 565 of the 29th ultimo, regarding the re-erection of platforms at Police Magazines in the Hassan District.

I am glad, that he has to forward copies of the marginally noted

To Supt. Naga Hills dated 26th July, 1880.

In — Letter dated — 1880

references on the subject of certain
by-laws of tanks in the Salinas
and Chanuals, and to suggest the
the disposal of the reference be
awaited before the question be take
into consideration.

Miller
Superintendent
Hayward District

Dept. No. 105 of 1881-82

Deputy Commissioner's Office

Hassan District

Dated 26th July 1881.

To

The Executive Engineer

Hassan Division

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 524 of the 21st instant, returning the proposed tanjam to the 19 petty tanks (small tanks) in the Kadavadi and suggesting that the sanctions required for the repairs of the Sanjigangal tank in the Arasikere village of the Channarayapatna Taluk and for the distribution of the water in the ground that the tank is to be caused by the overflow of jungle in the waste water channels.

2 In reply, I beg to state that in the Chief Commissioner's Remembrance numbered and dated as per margin* it was arranged that the repairs of all tanks in the Revenue Division should be executed by the Executive Engineer. In the case of the Sanjigangal Katte the revenue was Rs. 88, in the year 1877-78, and in the case of Malikatte the revenue amounted to as much as Rs 250. I enclose herewith this remarked on Government to carry out the work, and since the tanks have not been sanctioned,

*Dept. Letter No. 3 dated 5th inst. of this year.

Mayfield Bell be carried into execution.

3. As to the general question raised concerning the obligation of ryots to do such work at their own cost, the enhanced tax on wet land has been hitherto regarded as levied in return for irrigation supplied. Whether, also, ryots have always been called upon to contribute towards emergent and petty repairs, heavy repairs, or in particular instances, and otherwise, have always been undertaken by Government.

4. Government has equally with the ryot an interest in the maintenance of the tank, for if the repairs are not executed, the land is thereupon Government becomes eventually the greatest loser, especially in cases in which the revenue dependent on the tank is considerable.

5. Hence it is decided that all the small tanks in the Madras should without exception be made over to the ryots for ever, it will be requisite on behalf of the interests of Government to take such steps as will ensure their being properly repaired. In this respect the Revenue Authorities, since the services of Ryots have been withdrawn, are in a worse position than your Department, as they have not the means of calculating the cost of repair, and of ascertaining whether it is satisfactorily

carried out or not. In such cases it is required that
still be needed to give, in view to the preparation
of plans and estimates. Some of the tanks may be
small as not to be required if they are often situated
on a chain of tanks, so that if one reaches the
rest of the tanks below must reach also.

6. All the same time if users are required to do
more work than petty and emergent repairs, it will be
right to hold for the same special inducement to them
to undertake such work, and also to consider whether
water cess can any longer be consistently levied in
Surveyed and settled tanks, since Government does not
fulfil the object for which it is charged.

7. Further and definite ruling will be needed in the
case of refractory ryots who refuse to repair their tanks.
The Collector will be to authorize the Amildar to
carry out the work, and to recover the cost from the ryots
as an arrear demand. In one instance may possibly
have entered, to do the Amildar of Chingleput
with his object, and the Amildar of Tiruvannamalai
for similar instances to get tanks which
the ryots have refused to do themselves.

8. I shall send a copy of this letter to the
Secretary P.W.D., & the said defend the Chief
Commissioner for his notes, and shall be glad
if you will at the same time express your

views by the Superintending Engineer, as the condition
of the lights throughout the District is greatly deteriorating
from want of supervision and timely repairs.

I have &c

Signed H. Tidd

Deputy Commissioner
Hazaan District

Attd. Note of 5.5.11.-8.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Hazaan District
Dated 26th July 1880.

The Executive Engineer
Hazaan Division.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter No 8 of the 22nd Instant, forwarding for* correspondence marginally noted, relative to the proposed changes in the system of lights in the channel in the Ahlegan Patti, and the Chalia and Kathaltha channels in the Hazaan District.

2. In reply, I beg to observe that the arrangement appears to be desirable, since the efficient supervision of small channel-boats at a distance from other vessels cannot well be maintained by your Department. Since Mr. Tidd has been on Hazaan from Chittagong the Revenue authorities are in no better position than they experienced difficulty in calculating what annual repairs are needed. This remark applies even in the case of small vessels under

* Letter No. 58 of the 22nd January 1880 from the Superintending Engineer of Hazaan to the Ex. Engineer Hazaan Division
Letter No. 203 of the 23rd Instant from the Ex. Engr. Hazaan Division to the Superintending Engineer of Hazaan.

works under Rs. 100 in value.

3. Therefore _____ before handing over such works to the agency in which it appears to be necessary in the first place that they should be brought up to standard for maintenance it is proposed that the _____ shall submit a proposal to Government to the effect, in turn out of order.

4. If the agency are to be required to execute proper repairs and maintenance and continue also. So in order, from which amount they have failed upon, it will be required to take some special measures to them to undertake such work, and a more efficient arrangement for the Supervision of the work, so that the annual revenue depending thereon it cannot be right altogether to themselves, for, if so left, the work will surely be neglected.

5. Under such circumstances, a tax, which is at present remitted from them, could no longer be fairly charged as Government does not fulfil the object for which it is imposed. It might therefore be remitted whenever the annual repairs are found to have been carried out by the agency satisfactorily.

6. It will be further required that the Chairman

Civil Surveyor should be directed to prepare the annual repair estimate, and report at the end of the season that the work has been satisfactorily executed.

7. Some definite rate from Government is at the same time needed in the case of refractory ryots who refuse to do such work. In my opinion, the Civil Surveyor should have the work done, and recover the cost from the ryots as a revenue demand. Neither ryots have nor have been required to do petty repairs of greater value than Rs 5. Without such arrangement, and without some definite ruling on the necessity of watch, I am not in a position to pass any order on the subject of your reference.

8. I may add what is known to yourself, though not taken into account by the Superintending Engineer, that labor is scarce in the Chanda, and the difficulty of procuring it is great especially when the channel is at a distance from any village, also that the ryots being more independent and stronger to resist without remuneration, and it is difficult in the — extreme to force them.

I have &c

Signed N. Rice

Deputy Commissioner

Kanara Dist.

"Copy"

Mill

Deputy Commissioner
Second District

tbl

No 6/57 of 1880

To,

The Deputy Commissioner

Jhansi Division

Canal Superintendent Office

Jhansi, the 2nd August 1880

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your docket no. 1/2 dated of the 28th instant, giving cover to copies of correspondence on the subject maintaining the upkeep of tanks and channels in the Mahoba and suggesting that the disposal of a reference made by you to Government be awaited before the question of fixing the amount to be merged in the ordinary assessment and annually credited to the Irrigation Fund, be discussed.

2 It appears to me that the question raised by you in the correspondence

correspondence which you have forwarded to me is already dis-
posed of by Part II of the Survey
Ordinance which renders it
inoperative on the owners and
occupiers of land under tanki
and wards the property of
Government, other than tanks,
under the direct management
of the Irrigation Department
to maintain the supply of such
tanks and wards after they
have been brought up to
standard. Provision is also
made for the case of respectable
Ryots refusing to maintain
the supply of such wards.

3 There is however still
a good deal of time left to

referred cleared up that I should be glad to have your opinion not later than the 1st of November next. I must confess that it does not appear to me that the disposal of the question referred by you to Government and which, as I have already observed, the Surety Guarantee appears to dispose of, is necessary to enable us to settle the question now before us as laid down in Conds XII and XV of the Surety Guarantee. I learn from the Officer in charge of clearing operations in these Districts concerned that in his opinion the full equivalent of the original —

Irrigation

Irrigation 6 yrs represented by one acre and in the Supra could not well be advantageously spent on the legitimate objects of the Irrigation Fund. We might fix upon half an acre in the Supra to be merged in the ordinary assessment as the basis of an Irrigation Fund. It is impossible to decide a question of this kind with absolute nicety but I think no difficulty should occur in utilizing such a sum as the merging of half an acre in the Supra in the ordinary assessment would give. Upon reference of the Board of Canters in question must be greater than mine however and I therefore await your reply before committing myself to any final opinion.

I have the
&c &c &c
Supt Irrigation Punjab
Lahore

651
28-8-80

(General, Serial No. 28.)

1880

From [illegible]

To [illegible]

Dated 24 4

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. one

General No. } 1880-81
Gal. No. 585

[illegible]

[illegible]

way and the expenditure on them per mile per day has been closely watched. The need of an Irrigation Act is therefore clearly apparent, and if required for the purpose, such as Reclamation and the like, a Cadastral Survey will have to be made also.

A copy of Table No. 3 of the Cadastral returned to the Superintending Engineer by the Executive Engineer of the Kanara Div., giving the expenditure on the subject is forwarded for information and will show how the question now stands.

Yours truly,

Sd/- A. Smith

Commissioner

Deccan Division

Executive Engineer's Office,
Tacoma, Washington.
April 18th August 1890.

To,

The Superintending Engineer,
Tacoma.

Superintending Engineer's No 1,009
dated 28th ult. &c, requiring that the Commissioners, upon the subject of the maintenance of the Tide Channels will be invited, and hearing that a meeting was called upon the 16th Instant, and Minutes of which I enclose herewith.

Sir,

I have the honor to report that the statement required was forwarded with my 1,288 dated 7th June 1890 - On my visit dated 23rd June 1890, I forwarded a Tracing upon the Tide Channels, and briefly my recommendations were as follows.

1. The Tacoma, Commencement and Steilacoom Channels should be marked out by Buoys, Beacons or Piles, & kept in the case of the Channels marked, Buoys the Beacons, the cost of the Contract

Repairs

to their friends the contract to each contractor, instead of being carried out in bulk by the yard.

3. A yard foreman will be appointed by the Chief Engineer who will be subject to the direction of the Resident Engineer, a copy of which instruction will be furnished to him.

The Foreman's duties will generally be to superintend the loading of the Company's trucks and the Chief Engineer's Department will appoint their Foreman to co-ordinate results from the Contractors' plans and certify to the completion of the yard. There will be no difficulty in arranging that this should be done by a P.W. Subordinate. Any specially heavy class work or masonry, piling, would be carried out by the Superintendent, whose instructions in writing from the Chief Engineer's Department, for which purpose, the Superintendent will be supplied with a copy of the work Contract and

4

4. The Board of Directors shall have charge of the business, and the Executive Committee shall have charge of the property of the Society. The Board of Directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of the Society, and shall hold office for one year and until their successors are elected and qualify. In case of the death, resignation or removal of any Director, the remaining Directors may fill the vacancy for the unexpired term. If the number of Directors is increased, the additional Directors shall be elected by the Society at previous meetings of the Board, and in the manner provided for the election of the Board.

5. The Board of Directors shall appoint a Secretary and Treasurer, and may appoint such other officers and agents as they may deem necessary. If the number of Directors shall be increased, the additional Directors shall be elected by the Society at previous meetings of the Board, and in the manner provided for the election of the Board.

6. The Executive Committee shall have charge of the property of the Society, and shall have power to sell, convey and mortgage the same, and to do all other acts necessary to the management of the property of the Society.

7. The Board of Directors shall have power to make such by-laws, rules and regulations for the government of the Society as they may deem necessary, not inconsistent with the laws of this State or with these Articles of Incorporation.

8. The Board of Directors shall have power to fill vacancies in their own body, in the Executive Committee, and in the office of Secretary and Treasurer, during the recess of the Society, and to carry out

out impartial, judicial spirit before
it by the Secretary called for the spirit
of a Revenue demand; in my opinion
a perusal of this Final would be of great
value in assisting the Revenue Depart-
-ment to impress the City Commissioners
with the urgency of getting on with the Case
of River Channels, and in the Case of
Reclamation, spirit the Carry out every
order and Circular in Circular I. 1/4 12 and
in dated 5-9-21 August 5/28 respectively.

6. The remaining items under
Reference in the Secretariat Departmental
Report of the Calcutta Municipal Corporation
for the year 1921-22 the City Engineer-
-ship, the Port Commissioners
Secretariat has commented in its I. 1/07
dated 4-5-23, a copy of which and of
enclosures are herewith forwarded and
the Port Commissioners Orders thereon
in their I. 1/07-2 dated 23-7-23, that the
Port Commissioners are averse to the
Change of the water from one of Calcutta
contributions to one of proper Contribution,
and

I will (D.V.) be with you on Saturday next, and will endeavour to reach Colesberg the same day, but cannot guarantee anything as the roads are very heavy.

Yours truly,

Lieut. Colonel
Commanding Mounted Troops
Eastern Division.

"Orpen"

Lt. Adjutant General,
Eastern Division.

To, No. 31

The Deputy Commissioner
Cuddapah District

Survey Superintendent's Office
Bangalore 2nd October 1880

Sir,

I have delayed my reply to your Memo. No 585 of the 24th Ultimo, pending some further enquiries regarding the requirements of the Mysore of the Madras Govt under discussion, in respect of tank repairs and such work as might legitimately be charged to the Irrigation Fund.

2 The tank of Cumbum in question is essentially river

grawing

growing and although it is true that much of the rice is dependent upon very small tanks and in some instances quite independent, as regards direct supply, of any water stored in tanks, still there are a good many tanks of comparatively large capacity. Roughly, I take the number of tanks with a revenue of Rs. 10 or more, at about 30.

3 By merging half an anna in the ordinary assessment I can provide a sum of about Rs. 4000 to be credited annually to the Irrigation Fund. I find it difficult to believe that much of even so small

is an annually heavy contribution
for the tract of country under
discussion, or that fitting objects
for its expenditure are likely
to be wanting. I can incorpo=
=rate the amount in question
in the ordinary assessment
with a due regard to the
condition and circumstances
of the various descriptions
of wet land. For convenience
sake the lump sum is cal=
=culated upon the whole or
a fractional portion of the
actual equivalent of the
original rates, and
these will vary each year
as the garden and vice

lands

landowner under occupancy system and demanded. Thus the assessment of the garden and rice occupied lands being in any case Rs: 33,000 the lump sum to be set apart to form the Irrigation Fund would be exactly Rs: 1000, deposing half an anna in the Rupee to have been merged in the ordinary assessment.

4. In all mixed tracts hitherto brought under settlement some small sum, varying with the peculiar circumstances of the locality, has been set apart in the above manner and there is no precedent, nor, in my opinion, are there any grounds for making an exception to the general practice in the case of the 3 Magnis now in print. I shall feel obliged by a reply at your earliest convenience.

I have &c

Sd/ J. P. Grant

Copy

Asst

Supt Ryotwar Settlement

Supt Ryotwar Settlement

No 972

35

Hazaribagh,
Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Dated the 4th December 1880.

To,

The Superintendent
Upper Provinces Survey.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 760 of the 2nd October last, on the subject of the proposed Irrigation Cess to be imposed in the assessment of the three Pathuriah Talúk which are now being settled.

2. In para 3 of your previous letter No 615 of the 4th August 1880 you made the admission that in the opinion of the Cadastral Officer the cess could not defray the advances generally given on the legitimate object of the Irrigation Fund, and in this view I concurred for the reasons previously detailed in para 4 of my report on these Talúks, No 555 of the 20th September last). This position was strengthened by the fact subsequently brought

Should this be "the full amount" only

to your notice that the tanks having to furnish their maintenance will devolve in future on the ryots. It is a truism that when no taxation is needed none should be imposed, which vide the section at page 3. It is however urged that though the tanks are small the revenue from several (the number I have ascertained to be 7) succeeding years, but any one acquainted with the country is conversant with the fact that the rice crops are dependent mostly on the fall of rain during the monsoons, and that the supply of water stored in the tanks (ponds) at the head of valleys is used only to supplement it when the rain-fall happens to be deficient, which is diametrically to the condition of rice crops in the Madras Tanks which are wholly dependent on large tanks for their supply of water for irrigation. Many of the tanks admit of improvement, but I gather from the account that no expenditure has been incurred on any of them during the last five

under the new arrangement.

4-. With reference to the police arrangement made use of, that the cess has been imposed elsewhere, I am aware that in the Lucknow District of the Nagpur Division, of which I had some time ago charge the Irrigation cess had accumulated to a large sum, and had not been utilized. This fact is in itself a reason against the levy of taxation for that particular object. As I have stated before, more is not needed in the Kabbin under reference either for communications or Educational purposes.

5-. Judging of the question from a more general point of view and with relation to the actual requirements of the country, the term need to justify the levy of special taxation is an exceptionally unfavourable one. If a cess must be imposed at all, as urged, for the mere sake of security, it seems desirable to levy it some other object on which it would be spent. None commends itself more to me than the maintenance of an efficient village Police. In every land it is admitted that no

greatly been can be conferred on a country than that of perfect security to person and property, and the fundamental principle which should govern the disposition of all cases is, I conceive, that it should be exercised in favour of well those whose services are especially needed. Even the loss of the full one and just would be fractional, and its payment ignored not the standard for such an object in Ireland as well as in Wales.

6. In these cases I again urge that before the case is merged, as proposed, in the assessment, the order of the Commissioners may be obtained on the general question as now advanced.

I have the honorable,

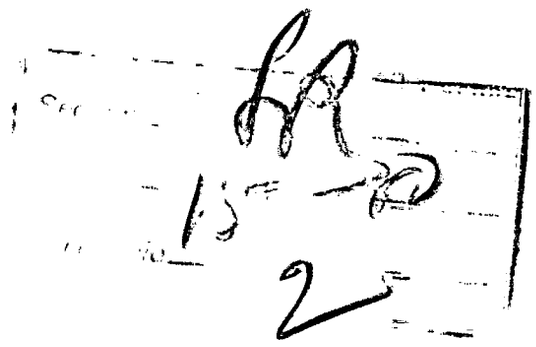
Sir,

Your Most Obed.t Servant

W. Hill

D. Asst. Commissioner

Shaw Dublin



39

Read:-

Letter No 974 dated the 18th December 1883 from the Superintendent Lyeer Burma Survey.

C.R. 02335 x/20/1/87½
R. 03

and Enclosure.

The future of the Irrigation Cess imposed by the Survey will depend on the arrangements to be made for the repair and maintenance of Irrigation works. These are still under consideration. Meanwhile, the sentiment of the Kaman Taluk should proceed upon the principles hitherto followed, a ½ anna Irrigation Cess being added to the assessment on the Cultivated portions of the Taluk as on other Cultivated lands. The Cess should however be

2.

desire-

leave the Board with the Survey Commissioners opinion that it may be preferable to construct in Salida the entire Reservoir to secure the original arrangement of keeping the Irrigation Reservoirs entirely separate from the Reservoir for domestic purposes. The Reservoir at present called Reservoir No. 1 in the Salida District, built in the Salida River gravel, is of such construction, that it has been abandoned with the approval of the Board. In any case, therefore, no alteration will be required in the present arrangement

in regard to the maintenance & repair of the different descriptions of Banks & other Irrigation works

were to be made for
the whole of the Province.

2. The High Court
would also direct that
the question of the levy
of the Irrigation Cess
on the Inam-lands of
Inam Villages, which
are irrigated from
Irrigation works —
maintained by the
Inamdars at their own
Expense, might be taken
into Consideration, and
settled in such manner
as may be considered
fair and reasonable.
There is a frequent —
Considerable ~~complaint~~ complaint
on the part of the Cultivators
of Entire Inam Villages
in being called upon
to pay an Irrigation
Cess when their Irrigation
Works are repaired entirely
by themselves and entirely
by

Mr Gordon Hunt

The Surveyor General
Supt. Crown Lands
Dy. Com. Hazards

Dated 25th January 19

Reference

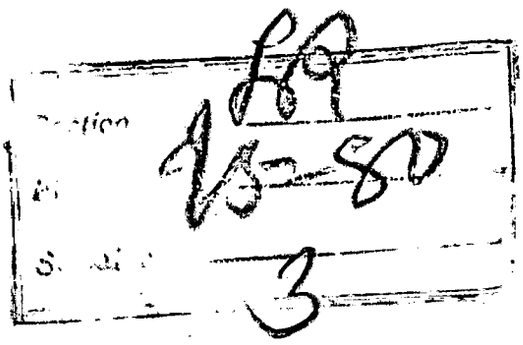
Re Government Surveyors are properly charged with Irrigation Case but to be dealing Government Lands.

I have the honour to be Sir Your obedient Servant

Secretary for Mines

No. 6223-5
of 1905

Revenue 6337
1881 2082
43



From,

The Survey & Settlement Commissioner

Mysore.

To,

The Revenue Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,

Mysore.

Dated 15th February
Despatched
Received 19 2 — 4 —

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 136
No.

Representing any changes in the present system of keeping the Irrigation Cases in Mysore

19-2-81

Returning with papers

W4

No. 136 of 1881

From Colonel W. C. Anderson
Survey and Settlement Commissioner
Mysore

To The Revenue Secretary to the Chief
Commissioner of Mysore
Survey Commissioner's Office
Bangalore 15th February 1881.

Sir,

With reference to Chief Commissioner's order No. 6333/1093 of 25th ultimo on the subject of the separate levy of the Irrigation Cess I have the honor to report as follows—

2 This cess was in the first instance levied separately as an addition to the ordinary State assessment. The levy of this cess

was thus brought prominently before the people who paid it and was the cause of very loudly expressed dissatisfaction as the return for it was very often not visible. It was therefore after some discussion decided to embody this cess in the assessment and then deduct it as one sum from the total assessment, the sum to be so deducted being fixed at the settlement and being liable to no change. This plan is perfectly simple and free from liability to error and it would have been the preferable plan to adopt in the first instance. I would therefore deprecate any change being made

for two reasons: 1st that the present plan was deliberately adopted in substitution for that now suggested and a change back is impatient, and 2ndly that the plan now in operation has many advantages in my opinion over the original plan.

Your obedient servant

H Lawrence

Survey and Settlement Commissioner
Mysore

Sec 4 No 68
1887
4

From [illegible] 187

To the Secretary to ~~Chief Commissioner~~,
~~General Department~~

OFFICE OF THE
24 NOV. 87
DIVAN OF MYSORE

Dated 23rd November 87
Despatched
Received

ENCLOSURES NO. 2

General No. 688 } 187 —7 .
No.

Recommends the present practice of merging the irrigation cess in the sisting assessment being continued until the contemplated arrangement and Rules regarding repair and maintenance of Irrigation works are decided upon.

24.11.87
Ry
Hdqrs with refce
[illegible]
337 of 87

Under Sec
Rr
1

25/11

To, No 688 of 1887 68

The Secretary to the Board
of Revenue

Survey Superintendent's Office
Bangalore 23rd December 88

Sir,

I have the honor, with reference to the Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner's Order No 3223-5 dated 10/93 20th January 1887 on the subject of the future treatment of the Irrigation cess, to forward copies of correspondence as per

1 Survey Supdt's letter No 543 dated 31st August 1881.
2 Col Greaves's Deputy Commr's letter No 2206 dated 19th Instant, Ex 323

} noted in margin which have passed between the Deputy Commissioner of the Eastern District and myself regarding the Irrigation cess to be levied in

in the Units of Hayward and Tracy (excepting 3 Units already settled) now ready for settlement.

2. The Deputy Commissioner advocated the levy of the Irrigation rate separately from the assessment such a step being in his opinion, and his views I must observe are shared by the Chief Commissioner in Part 3 of the Proceedings above quoted, likely to fit in with the contemplated arrangement for the repairs and maintenance of Irrigation works. I would however recommend the present practice being continued until the contemplated arrangement and Rules are decided upon. The Tracy Unit

has

has already been partially set=
=tled and Manjarabad, from
the very nature of the land
will be but little affected
by the question. Kadak therefore
alone remains as a whole Taluk
to which any new treatment
of the Irrigation case could be
advantageously applied. The
Irrigation case at present —
merged in the assessment is
more readily paid, if not —
actually less felt, by the Ryots
than as a separate levy and
the plan has on the whole
worked well. By continuing
the present practice as regards
the Taluks now ready for
settlement ample time will
be gained for the discussion
of this important question

with

with reference to Taluks here-
after to be settled. I beg that
orders may be passed as soon
as practicable as I am unable
to frame my proposals for
the revision of the Assessment
in the Taluks now ready for
settlement until I know
whether the cess is to be merged
in the Assessment or collected
separately.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedt. Servt.

J. Grant
Superintendent
Mysore Rev. Survey

No 5420 of 1891

57

Survey Lieutenant Cyril
Bagshawe Asst Engineer

To

The Deputy Commissioner
Gurdaspur District

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that I shall very shortly have to submit to Government proposals for the revision of the assessments of the margin(s) noted below

1 Kanwan Kalan (excluding the three margins already settled)
2 Khanjarwal

} of your District but before doing so I should like your and myself considering to fix the amount to be margin in the assessment and annually credited to the District Irrigation Fund in accordance with the late Chief Commissioner's Order No 5431 dated 2nd October 1891.

347

I have to fix a sum which shall be adequate to meet all necessary charges connected with the irrigation works.

Yours

of the Valuation and Rating Act, 1953 (hereinafter called "the Act") for your opinion on this subject at an early date.

2. In the case of any of the Eastern Valleys already listed or any irrigation area added to the assessment under section 41 of the Act by Order No. 6223-5 of the 25th January 1961, or the remaining portion which is to be retained in a position where the full area irrigation can should be added to the assessment or whether there are any exceptional circumstances in which, as in the case of the 3 classes above mentioned which receive certain additional characteristics, a 2 area irrigation can will be sufficient

3 The regards the classification of any irrigation can at all be added to the assessment 3 Can should be considered the equivalent to be regarded in the assessment. Of listings

objects

objects in Irrigation Equipment
be found for the appropriation
it could be spent on roads
and other useful objects, but
I do not think that the
absence of an Irrigation Fund
would affect the Municipal
Bank at all.

I have the
Honor to be
Sir
Your obedient Servant

Copy"

M Grant

Superintendent
Irrigation & Public Works

No 2216 of 88-89

No 825

Madras District

Executive Office

Dated in Fort St George 19

To,

The Superintendent

Engineer Fort St George

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 1 dt 3rd August 1881 and in reply to state that the instructions of the Revenue Irrigation Code in the Manjeravaal Tank in Gooty Taluk in Anantapur District will be followed in the management of that tank.

2 The Madras Scale of Minimum Rent for the full irrigation rates of one and the extra charge for the non-natural irrigation which can be given if the remaining water is utilized, will be observed in the margin

3 Fees on mamoolies levied in this Taluk and Anantapur District for the supply is a matter of very great importance. I would not suggest any alteration in these fees.

1 Madras
2 Honorable
3 Extension
4 Salaries
5 Remuneration
6 Establishment
7 Establishment
8 Expenses

4

I have the honour to request that the undersigned may be furnished with a copy of the Order in Council of the 23rd January 1893 No. 0233-5 and with reference thereto beg to suggest the advisability of keeping these funds separate

I

If they are merged in the department they would cease to be liable, & a readjustment in the event of Government deciding to have the irrigational works maintained by the Ryots themselves and in consideration of such liability forego the irrigation cess al-
-together.

I have &c

Sgd/ Krishnamurti

Dy: Commissioner
Kadapa District

"Copy"

Ullman

Superintendent
Cuddapah Div.

20. 883 Sec

Area No.

1883. 3529.

From The Deputy Commissioner Kadir

To The Dewan Secretary to ~~Chief Commissioner~~, General Department of Mysore.

Dated 12th August

Despatched 16 "

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 257 / No. } 1883—7.

Sir,

Adverting to your Do
No. 1601/320 dated 5th August 18
forwarding a petition f
certain Jodidars of the Bud
gere Taluk, and directing
that the increased quit-ren
charged on Inam villages
and based on the Survey a
duction, and the Irrigation
Cess should be held in
abeyance pending the settle
ment of the general ques
tion, I have the honor to
submit the original un Up
gio. 99 dated 22nd July 18
from the Amildar of Chikk
magloor, soliciting in
structions as to whether

to be collected on, and the
question of receiving the Sum
any valuation of Land
Lapse having been settled
by the Proceedings of the Le
Session No. 1301-4 dated 22 Sept
138
1861, from the
2. I beg to add that
revised Tariff-sheet Regulations
have now been received
but are definite as to re-
garding the Irrigation Ta
have yet reached this C

I have the honor
Sir
your most Obed. Ser

Dy Commissioner
Kurdi 22

16-7-82

60

(General Serial No. 20.)

1884

From The Chief Commissioner
Mysore

To

The Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Dated 12th June

Despatched 14th June

Received

Enclosures No. 3

General No. 140 } 1884—85.
No.

Subject Correspondence regarding the Chief Commissioner's Conference with the Dewan.

Reference Dewan's D.O. No. 136 dated 10th June 1884.

Enclosures Correspondence specified.

7016

No 129 Dt 9/10/83.

137

13/9/83.

"True Copy."

1884 66

From
The Sub Division Officer
Rajpur

To
The Deputy Commissioner of
Kaira District

Dated 29th
Despatched 30th } May
Received

Enclosures No. one

General No. 226
No. 136. } 1884-85.

Sir the honor to submit for perusal and signing return petition from certain Inamdars in the Anandpar Taluka. Undersigned understands that the irrigation funds in this Taluka was ordered to be limited to one anna in the Rupee by the Deputy Commissioner when the last year's annual accounts were being compiled. It will be apparent from the correspondence endorsed relating

relating to the interpretation of the
Survey Settlement in the Province
and Salvage but a much less interpre-
tation has been urged in the assessment
on Government Egyptian Land and
the undersigned is not aware of any
reason why a higher rate should
be levied from Government than is
directed to be adopted in the case
of Government Land. The subject
merits the consideration of the
Survey Commissioners.

I. Macdonald

Land Revision Officer
Ramleh

(General Serial No. 31.)

1884.

68

From The Under Secy.

To The Deputy Comr.
Kadur District

Dated 27 June

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 1910
No. 92

Sir

In reply to your No. 765-2 dated 14th inst.

I observe that as per Local Cess return for the year 1882-83, the Irrigation cess on Inam lands in the Tarikere, Chikmagalur & Mudigere Talukas, wherein the cess merged in the assessment on land is less than 1 anna in the rupee, appears to have been charged at 1 anna per rupee.

2. In the detailed classification of dry, wet & garden lands are not forthcoming in the said return, the Deputy Comr is requested to state clearly how the cess has

been charged & collected on the
case of Evan Lewis in act
Stated for both of the

(General Serial No. 29.)

OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARIAT
16 AUG 84
323

1884

From The Deputy Commissioner
Kadur Dt

To The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner
of Mysore, Bangalore.

Dated 13th August

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 2165 } 1884—8.
No. 1866

Secretary's Docket No. 2165 of
the 9th June last.

I have the honor to forward herewith, in triplicate, a statement shewing the area, as at present irrigation Cess on Inam lands has been charged and collected in the Kaduru portion of this District.

The Villages not called for in docket No. 2165/84 dated 9th instant, will follow.

I have &c.

G. Narasimha Iyengar - - - - - one sheet
Hosahalli do - - - - - one sheet
Kasaba Kunigal do - - - - - one sheet
Kadur do - - - - - one sheet
Yedehalli do - - - - - one sheet
Kasaba Kadur do - - - - - one sheet
Bidar do - - - - - one sheet
Arasikere do - - - - - one sheet

Dy Commissioner
Kadur Dt

(General Serial No. 31.)

1884.

From 11.9.84

To The Deputy Com,
Shimoga District

Dated 8th August

Despatched —

Received

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 3460
No. 180

Referred to the Deputy Com to state, at an early date, at what rate Irrigation cess is charged & collected on Ruin-lands in the Malnad & Naidan portions of his District.

Copy of docket No 295 of 18th instant from the Deputy Com, Kadur District is forwarded for perusal.

"By order"

Under Secretary

Sir,

From the reply given by the Deputy Com, it appears that the cess is charged at 1 anna per acre on Ruin lands even in the Taluks where the assessment levied is more than 1 anna. It can be ascertained from the Revenue Officers

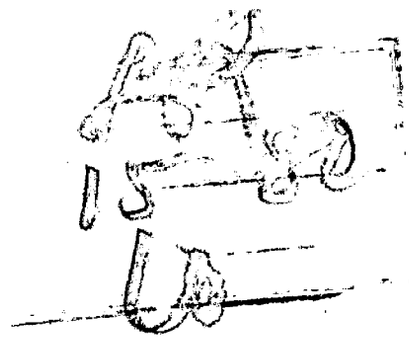
(General Serial No. 29.)

73

1884

3946

496



From

The Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

To

The Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Dated 11th Revenue Dept

Despatched 11th Sept 1884.

Received

Enclosures No. 2

General No. 706 } 1884.—8.5.
Dept No. 533

His Highness the Maharaja
&c. &c.
of the 3rd Instant.

Sir,

As requested in the above, I have the honour to annex in the margin a memo showing the rates of assessment assessed on minor items in the Malnad and Maidan portions of this District.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga

Mysore
13/9

(I) Malnad.

1. Sorab Tauna in the Shikarpur.
2. Sagar Tauna &c. (only one land paying this cess in this Taluk).
3. Nagar Nil. 2nd portion 1/2 of a rupee
4. Tirthalli &c. in the Nagar Taluk for the portion transferred from late Anantapur Taluk.

(II) Maidan.

5. Shimoga 1/2 of a rupee.
6. Channagiri Tauna in the Taluk
7. Honnali &c.
8. Arsikere &c.
9. Tiptur &c.

(General Serial No. 31.)

1884.

From

To

The Superintendent,
Revenue Survey
Rajcote

Dated 8th January 1885

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. as in margin

General No. 600 of

No. 85

1 Kaira Dy Collr's No 140 of 12/6/84 with its enclosures —

No 1910/92 of 27/6/84 from the Deputy Collr Kaira with —

No 295 of 13/8/84 From do do

No 3469/186 of 3/9/84 To Dy. Collr Kaira with —

No 406/533 of 11/9/84 From do do

1 printed Notification No 341 of 17/2/75

In forwarding herewith the above mentioned & marginally noted Correspondence in original, to be returned when no longer required, I am directed to request to be informed whether in all Talukas settled subsequent to the promulgation of Notification No 341 of 17th February 1875, the Injalia case has been invariably merged in the rate of garden valuation of Inam land & villages under rules XLI & XLII of the said Notification. The proportion merged in the case of Inam lands in the several Inamdar & Khalsa Talukas should be indicated. The Survey Superintendent's opinion is required as to the propriety of

Tantiere Singikanda Nandagiri Chikkaliyur Honnavir Alay Talukes.
1/10 1/10 1/10 1/13 nearly 1/5 nearly 1/7

Select proportion of the cess merged
(at 1 anna as stated in the Survey Points)

Tantiere Singikanda Nandagiri Chikkaliyur Honnavir Alay Talukes.
1/10 1/10 1/10 1/13 nearly 1/5 nearly 1/7

Select proportion of the cess merged in the rates of Honnavar Taluk

Select proportion of the cess merged (at 1 anna as stated in the Survey Points)	Tantiere	Singikanda	Nandagiri	Chikkaliyur	Honnavir	Alay	Talukes.
	1/10	1/10	1/10	1/13 nearly	1/5 nearly	1/7	
₹ — (at 6 kies ₹ —)	—	—	—	—	—	—	
₹ — (at 4 kies ₹ —)	—	—	—	—	—	—	
₹ — (at 3 kies ₹ —)	Angar 1/04	Hunyzadad 1/24	Kopika 1/20	Angar 1/07	Kuagere 1/68	Kanakidugre 1/98	

leaving Rs. ccco on Inam lands
the Sangrahad & the Kadina
at the same lower rates as are
in the account on Govt lands
as suggested by the Officer in c
of the Honnavar Sub. Division.

It is observed that the proposi
of Rs. ccco merged in the net ga
assessment on Govt occupied
in some of the Talukes settled
at the date of the Notification ref
to above, differ from one anothe
noted in the margin. Where the
is merged at the rate of 1 anna
proportion to be deducted from
assessment towards Irrigation
is 1/17 & similarly where the ce
merged is at the rate of 4 or
the proportion to be deducted
be properly 1/33. 1/40 or 1/53 respectiv
The marginally noted variance
do not show that the correct
been followed. The difference
explanation.

By O

N. F.

Secretary

1885.

From The Superintendent Ayr

To The Secretary to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, General Department

Dated 13 Feb 1885

Despatched

Received

ENCLOSURES NO. G.D. Department

General No. 761 } 1874—85.
No.

On the petition of
Lenging the Irrigation
Case in minor Quan
lands in the Mulgrave
Valley praying that
of the same order
are merged in the
assessment of Crown lands.

Put up some letters received Reference CR 23-1-85 to day CR

Enclosed Replies are still being received from the Distts - So the file is here CR 5-3-85

No. 761 Survey Superintendent's Office
Bangalore 19th February
1883

To,

The Secretary to the Govt
of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honor to return=
=herewith the receipt of your Docket
No. 605/85 dated 2nd ultimo, with
enclosures, now returned, asking
me for my opinion on the pro=
=priety of levying the Irrigation
cess on minor Inam lands in
the Mangalore and other
Malnad Circles at the same
lower rates as are charged
in the Government of the
Government lands.

2. I is requested I attach
a statement showing the
proportion

proportion of the assessment of Government lands merged as Irrigation cess, in all files Maidan and Malnad Taluks settled subsequent to the promulgation of Notification No 321 dated 4th February 1865.

Before proceeding to the question of the propriety of levying the Irrigation cess in such Taluks, on minor Inam lands, I would observe that, as stated in the concluding portion of your Precis, the exemption to be deducted from the assessment of the Government lands

land is known as Irrigation Fund is fixed down in the Settlement Reports as 6 ¾ or 3 pies, as the case may be, and would be 33.1/3, and 16.2/3 part respectively of the whole assessment of the assigned Government Rice and Garden lands. The sum to be deducted is of course a fluctuating item, according as the assessment of the Government assigned Rice and Garden lands, is more or less, from year to year. Difference of procedure and misapprehension on this point on the part of the Revenue Officers are very

common

common land although the proper course has been more than once explained on reference to this Department (see this office letter No 542 of the 24th June 1879. appended) a circular on the subject would now be of much use.

3 As regards the general question of levying irrigation cess on mines situated in the Mahanadi Delta where the irrigation cess is merged in the assessment of

1 Survey Sup[t]'s ltr No 542 of the 24th June 1879.
2 Survey Sup[t]'s ltr No 543 of the 24th June 1879.
3 Chief Commr's do No 4902-3/R 891 of 13th December 1879.
4 Chief Commr's do No 5409-30/R 1000 of 30th January 1880.
5 Survey Commr's Memo No 116 of 5th Feb: 1880
6 Chief Commr's do No 618-6/R 867 of 19th February 1880

of Government Land in pursuance
of the marginally noted original
correspondence attached* will
show that although perhaps
the final orders of Government
took no very clear and definite
shape and certainly were not
acted on, as is evident from
the reports of the Deputy
Commissioners received with
your Docket under reply,
still the Levy Commissioners
order No. $\frac{6181-A}{R\ 1009}$ of the 6th Feb:
1880 practically directs the
discontinuance of the levy
in question in Alabad
Taluka as the order in question

over-rules

* To be kindly returned.

2

over-rules the recommenda-
-tion made by the Survey
Commissioner, in his Memo
N° 116 of the 6th Inst, that
those which according
to existing claim were entirely
confirmed within the con-
-firmable value should
not be exempt from Irri-
-gation cess. By doing
away with this distinction
all the Inland mines
whose were practically
declared in the said order
to be exempt from Irri-
-gation cess.

4

4 I do not know whether Government desires to discuss and, as it were, reopen the question of levying Irrigation cess on Inland Steam Launches at all and therefore I reserve my opinion. Assuming however that Government intends to keep up the levy of Irrigation cess on minor launches in the Sindh in question which it is apparent from the Deputy Commissioners reports has been more or less, although very unequally, maintained, I think

Point that the levy, whether
in Madras or Malwad
Talukas, should be at the
same rate as was reported
on and sanctioned for
the purpose of merging
the cess in the assessment
of Government lands. It
is quite true that the
amount assigned to the
Irrigation Fund out of
the assessment of Govern-
-ment lands may fairly
be considered to be more
what Government is prepared
to assign out of the total
revenue than any accurate

and

and nine calculations of the proportion merged, still there is sufficient ground I think for considering the minor standard not liable for more, in the way of Irrigation cess, than at the rate supposed to be merged in the assessment of Government lands.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient
A. Grant
Superintendent Survey
Revenue Survey

86

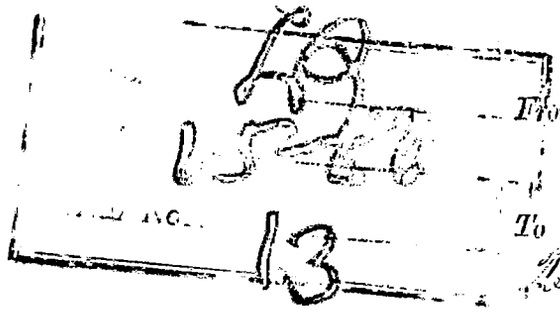
Statement showing the valuation of the assessment of Government lands merged as irrigation cess in the Taluks settled subsequent to 1st February 1912.

Number	Names of Taluks as they stood at time of Settlement.	Proportion of this assessment merged as Irrigation cess. Annas	Pies	Remarks.
	Shimoga District			
1	Nagar	"	3	
2	Kavaladurga	"	3	
	Kadur District			
3	Sorikeri	1	"	
4	Banavar	1	"	
5	Koppa	"	3	
6	Tarikere	1	"	For the Kandli magani only.
		"	3	For the remainder of the Taluk.
7	Chikmagalur	1	"	For the Kaidal portion.
8	Mudgeri	"	4	For the Malnad.
		"	3	
	Hassan District			
9	Belur	1	"	
10	Arsikere	1	"	

11	Hassan	"	6	For the Taluk Kangal Tolya & Kolar Magnis.
		1	"	For the remaining portion of the Taluk.
12	Manjanabad	"	3	
13	Narsipur	1	"	
14	Arkalgud	1	"	
	Tumkur District			
15	Koratagere	1	"	
16	Madhugiri	1	"	
17	Chiknaikanhalli	1	"	
18	Honnali	1	"	
19	Kunigal (From Bangalore)	1	"	
20	Kadaba	1	"	
	Bangalore Dt			
21	Bangalore	1	"	Begur & Yelahanka Magnis.
22	Nelmangal	1	"	
23	Magadi	1	"	
24	Doddaballapur	1	"	
	Kolar Dt			
25	Gudibanda	1	"	
26	Goribidnur	1	"	
27	Chikballapur	1	"	
	Mysore Dt			
28	Chamrajnagar	1	"	
29	H.D. Deggadevankote	1	"	
30	H.D. Hunsur	1	"	

Survey Superintendent
Nuggihalli 9th Feb 85

Superintendent Mysore
Survey



38 1885.

From The Superintendent of Police

To The Private Secretary to ~~Chief Commissioner~~, ~~General Department~~.

Dated Yadahalli

Despatched 18th March 1885

Received

ENCLOSURES NO 2

General No. 831 } 187 —7
No.

Head Office

Please a report in case
Shirur.
Has all the effects been
received? entry.

Secretary's Docket
Report of the receipt
go

Bgs herewith
a copy of each of
the marginally noted
letters on the subject
of the irrigation
Case merged in the
Survey settlement.

Superintendent &
Deputy Secretary

No. 582 Survey Office Bangalore 23rd June 1892

87

To

The Survey Settlement
Commissioner of Mysore

Sir,

I have the accompanying letter No. 1121 dated 11th instant, from the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, for reference as to the manner in which the amount to be allotted to the Irrigation Fees Fund is to be calculated.

2. The Deputy Commissioner was informed in this Office letter No. 403 of the 23rd ultimo (copy attached) that the amount to be set aside annually should be 1/4th of the total Survey Assessment of the Government Assessed Garden and Tiruvadi Lands of the Taluk.

3. The course adopted in the preceding case is that set forth in your Memorandum

No.

No. 733 Of the 25th May 1877 and has, in all cases of reference to me, on the part of the Revenue Officers, been founded out as the correct one.

4 It is obvious that a Lunch duty on the Table as first assessed could not be set aside, without change, year by year. I am not aware that the Chief Commissioners orders have been specifically laid down on the point at issue, if not some orders would be of great advantage as there is doubt and consequently variety of procedure on the part of the various Deputy Comm.rs.

5 The Officiating Comm.r points out in his letter No. 4 of the 11th instant that in the revised Survey Guarantee under

under Chief Commissioner's notification
No 341 dated 11th February 1905
published in the Ukiyoe Gazette
dated 21st idem the Irrigation
Loss Fund is directed to be
paid in a lump sum, I think
that the wording of Section XVI
of the revised Canal Guarantee
is perhaps ambiguous. The
word "water" is usually held
to denote a proportional
share which an individual
lump sum could not be. While
I think a Circular to the various
districts would be advisable.

I have &c
(Sgd) J. D. Grant
Lieutenant Governor

"Copy"

J. D. Grant
Superintendent
Ukiyoe Territory

No. 542 Survey Office
Bangalore 24th June
1892

To

The Survey Settlement
Commissioner of Mysore

Sir

I have the honor to fur=
=nish the report called for
in your Memo No. 542 of the
13th instant, forwarding Chief
Commissioner's Proceedings No.
600-91 / R. 88 of the 28th Ultimo fixi=
=ng orders on the Survey
of the Irrigation cases in the
Malnad Talooks of the Shimo=
=ga District.

2. The Deputy Commissio=
=ner of the Shimoga District decide
whether the Irrigation cases
having been already deduct
=ed in granting (reducing?)
the Inams, in the Malnad
Talooks

Lakhs it should be levied again. I think the words "levied again" are calculated to mislead. The Irrigation cess having been merged in the Land assessment it is no doubt true that the area allocated as Waste is less, in some instances, than it would be were the Irrigation cess not merged in the assessment. Therefore in those cases in which after allocating the Waste, there is excess, and the assessment of the assumed portion, as excess, is equal to or more than the Irrigation cess on the allocated Waste, Government may be said to levy as much in the shape of assessment as it is now contended should not be levied as Irrigation cess. But supposing there should be no excess, then

under

under the Deputy Commissioner
view no Irrigation Contract
ever would be entered into
by the Inamdar on account
of his Inam lands. I think
therefore that the Irrigation
cess must be based on the
Survey valuation.

3 It may however be
contended that, in consideration
of the Irrigation cess being
merged in the Survey assess-
-ment, the Inamdar should
have land allocated bearing
Survey assessment equal to the
amount of the Inam Deriz
plus the usual 10 per cent,
plus say, 6 per cent on ac-
-count of Irrigation cess merg-
-ed. It depends upon what
is meant by Survey valuation
in Section XVII of the Ta-
-ruled Survey Guarantee &

Notification

Notification No. 341 dated 14th February 1879.

4 I must remark, with reference to Para 2 of the Chief Commissioner's order that in my opinion the same principle which applies to land allocated in the Khalsa must also apply to the land described in the above Para as representing lands previously in enjoyment. If it be fair to levy the irrigation cess in the one case it must be fair in the other also, both classes of land being in the same Taluk in which the irrigation has been merged in the ordinary assessment.

5 Para 3 of the Chief Commr's Order seems to call for no remark on my part.

6 I observe a Memorandum by the Revenue Secretary No 113-19 R 101 upon

upon which such expenditure
appears to be required. The
irrigation and road charges
to be paid from the proceeds of
the disposal sales at pre-
-cisely the same rate as are
sanctioned for the Government
lands.

I have &c
(Signed) L. F. Grant
Capt. Engineers

"Copy"
L Grant
Capt. Engineers